Appl. No. 10/701,263 Amdt. dated November 13, 2007 Reply to Office Action of February 13, 2006

## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

- (Currently amended) A method for determining the likelihood that a human subject has major depression disorder, the method comprising the steps of:
- (i) isolating a subject's brain tissue, wherein the brain tissue is dorsolateral prefrontal cortex tissue;
- (ii) contacting the subject's isolated brain tissue with a nucleic acid probe which is at least 95% complementary to <u>SEO ID NO:1</u> mRNA encoding FGFR2;
- (iii) detecting the level of probe that selectively associates with  $\underline{\text{said subject's}}$   $\underline{\text{FGFR2 mRNA}}$  said-polymucleotide; and
- (iv) comparing the detected level of selectively associated probe with a control, whereby if the detected level is less than the control, an increased likelihood that the subject has major depression disorder is determined; and whereby, if the detected level is not less than the control, an increase in said likelihood is not determined by the method.
  - 2.-30. (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid probe is fully complementary to SEQ ID NO:1 mRNA encoding FGFR2.
- (Currently amended) A method for determining the likelihood that a deceased human subject had major depression disorder, the method comprising the steps of:
- (i) isolating a subject's brain tissue, wherein the brain tissue is dorsolateral prefrontal cortex tissue;
- (ii) contacting the subject's isolated brain tissue with a nucleic acid probe which is at least 95% complementary to <u>SEQ ID NO:1</u> mRNA encoding FGFR2;

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- (iii) detecting the level of probe that selectively associates with <u>said subject's</u> FGFR2 mRNA said polymucleotide; and
- (iv) comparing the detected level of selectively associated probe with a control, whereby if the detected level is less than the control, an increased likelihood that the subject has major depression disorder is determined; and whereby, if the detected level is not less than the control, an increase in said likelihood is not determined by the method.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 32, wherein said nucleic acid probe is fully complementary to SEO ID NO:1-mRNA encoding FGFR2.
- (New) The method of claim 1, wherein said probe is at least 95% identical to the full-length complement of SEQ ID NO:1.
- (New) The method of claim 32, wherein said probe is at least 95% identical to the full-length complement of SEQ ID NO:1.